### **Important Notes:**

- Investment involves risks and NCB China Resources Opportunities Fund (the "Sub-Fund") may not be suitable for everyone. Past performance is not indicative of future performance. The Sub-Fund is subject to market and exchange rate fluctuations and to the risks inherent in all investments. Price of units and the income (if any) generated from the Sub-Fund may go down as well as up. Investors could face no returns and/or suffer significant loss related to the investments. There is no guarantee in respect of repayment of principal.
- The key risks to which the Sub-Fund is subject to include: general investment risk, emerging market/ the People's Republic of China ("PRC") market risk, industry or sector risk, single country and concentration risk, equity market risk, risk associated with high volatility of the equity market in Mainland China, risk associated with regulatory/ exchanges requirements/ policies of the equity market in Mainland China, risk associated with regulatory/ exchanges requirements/ policies of the equity market in Mainland China, risk associated with Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect (collectively, the "Shanghai and Shenzhen Connect"), foreign exchange and RMB currency and conversion risks, risk of investing in equity linked instruments ("ELIs"), risks relating to investment in exchange traded funds ("ETFs"), PRC tax risk, derivative instruments 2 risk, risk in relation to distribution and potential conflicts of interest.
- Investing in emerging markets, such as PRC, may involve increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with 3. investment in more developed markets.
- The relevant rules and regulations on Shanghai and Shenzhen Connect are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. Each of Shanghai and Shenzhen Connect is subject to a set of Daily Quota, which does not belong to the Sub-Fund and can only be utilized on a first-come-first serve basis. Where a suspension in the trading through the programme is effected, the Sub-Fund's ability to invest in A shares or access the PRC market through the programme will be adversely affected. In such event, the Sub-Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective could be negatively affected. 4
- As the Sub-Fund may invest in A Shares indirectly through ELIs, the Sub-Fund is exposed to the risks relating to investment in ELIs: (i) Credit risk: If any one of the ELIs issuers fails to perform its obligations under the ELIs, the Sub-Fund may suffer losses potentially equal to the full value of the instrument issued by the relevant issuer. Any such loss would result in the reduction in the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund and impair the ability of the Sub-Fund to achieve its investment objective.

(ii) Illiquidity risk: There may not be an active market for those ELIs which are not listed or quoted on a market. Even if the ELIs are quoted, there is no assurance that there will be an active market for them. Therefore investment in ELIs can be highly illiquid.

- quoted, there is no assurance that there will be an active market for them. Therefore investment in ELIs can be highly illiquid. (iii) Qualified foreign institutional investors ("QFII") risk: The issuance of the ELIs depends on the ability of the QFII to buy and sell A shares. The availability of QFII investment quota and any restrictions or any change in the QFII laws and regulations may adversely affect the issuance of ELIs and impair the ability of the Sub-Fund to achieve its investment objective. The Sub-Fund is subject to PRC tax risk. There are risks and uncertainties associated with the current PRC tax laws, regulations and practice in respect of capital gains realised via Shanghai and Shenzhen Connect or ELIs on the Sub-Fund's investments in the PRC. Any future changes in the taxation policies in respect of QFII's or the Sub-Fund's investment in A shares in the PRC will impact on the Sub-Fund's returns. It is possible that any future announcement by the PRC tax authority may subject the Sub-Fund to unforeseen tax obligations, which may have retrospective effect. 6.
- The Manager will normally make distributions out of net income received or receivable by the Sub-Fund. However, in the event that 7 the net income is insufficient to pay the distributions out of net income received of receivable by the sub-Fund. However, in the event that such distributions be paid out of the capital of the Sub-Fund, or the Manager may also, in its absolute discretion, determine that income while charging / paying all or part of the Sub-Fund's fees and expenses to / out of the capital of the Sub-Fund, resulting in an increase in distributions out of capital. This may reduce the capital that the Sub-Fund has available for investment in future and may constrain constraints. capital growth.
- Investors should be aware that in circumstances where distributions are paid out of capital or effectively out of capital, this amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of the amount investors originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any distributions involving payment of distributions out of capital or payment of distributions effectively out of capital 8. (as the case may be) may result in an immédiate decrease in the Net Asset Value per Unit.
- 9. Please refer to the offering document of the Sub-Fund for further details including investment objectives and policies, charges and expenses, and risk factors (especially for the parts relating to Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Connect, ELIs and QFII), before making any investment decision.

### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

NCB China Resources Opportunities Fund seeks to capture medium to long-term capital appreciation opportunities through investment in a NCB China Resources Opportunities Fund seeks to capture medium to long-term capital appreciation opportunities through investment in a diversified portfolio of resources and energy related investment instruments that are related to the economic growth or development of the PRC. The Sub-Fund will mainly (at least 70% of its non-cash assets) invest in equities or equity-related securities primarily traded on the various stock markets in Asia Pacific. The Sub-Fund will invest in Hong Kong-listed stocks, H shares, shares of red-chip companies (directly and/or indirectly through investments in SFC authorised collective investment schemes ("CISs") (including CISs managed by the Manager)) and/or ETFs listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK") (including ETFs managed by the Manager). The Sub-Fund may also invest (a) up to 20% of its Net Asset Value in A shares ((i) directly through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and/or Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect; and/or (ii) indirectly through investment in ELIs (which may take the form of notes, contracts or other structures) issued by institutions or their affiliates with DEII ctatus in the PRC. ETER listed on the SEHK (including ETFs managed by the Manager) and/or Scherzhen-Hong Kong CISc managed by the Organized CISc (including or CISs managed by the Organized CISc (including or CISs managed by the Organized CISc (including or CISs managed by the Organized CISc (including CISs managed by the Organized CISc (including CISs managed by the Organized CISc) authorized on the SEHK (including ETFs managed by the Manager) and/or Set Connect CISs (including CISs managed by the Organized CISc) authorized CISc (including CISs managed by the Organized CISc) authorized CISc (including CISs managed by the Organized CISc) authorized CISc (including CISs managed by the Organized CISc) authorized CISc) authorized CISc (including CISs managed by the Organized CISc) authorized CISc) authorized CISc (including CISs managed by the Organized CISc) authorized CISc) authorized with QFII status in the PRC, ETFs listed on the SEHK (including ETFs managed by the Manager) and/or SFC authorised CISs (including CISs managed by the Manager)); and/or (b) up to 15% of its Net Asset Value in B shares listed on the stock exchanges in Mainland China. The aggregate exposure to the A shares and B shares market will not exceed 20% of the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value. The Sub-Fund may also invest in other PRC-related securities listed or quoted outside Mainland China and Hong Kong if such securities are issued by companies which are related to the economic growth or development of the PRC. These securities may be listed on various stock exchanges including but not limited to stock exchanges in the United States, London or Singapore, such as ADRs (American depository receipts) and GDRs (global depository receipts).

### MANAGER'S COMMENT##

China's fourth quarter GDP growth met expectation of 6.0%, remained at the same level of last quarter. December data also suggested that the economy showed resilience. Manufacturing PMI stayed above 50 for two consecutive months. Export and import growth surged to 7.6% and 16.3% from -1.3% and 0.5% in November respectively. In January, The PBoC cut RRR by 50bps and injected RMB300 billion to the banking system via MLF. These measures aimed to meet the large demand of money ahead of the Lunar New Year holidays and to shore up the economy. However, because of the outbreak of Wuhan Coronavirus, the recovering cycle could be substantially affected. The progress of containing the epidemic has now become the key factor affecting the economy.

Although the rally of mainland equities were largely unwavered after the unexpected escalation of geopolitical tension in Middle East in early January, the virus outbreak in Wuhan overshadowed mainland market throughout the rest of the month. China macro data released in January, especially the Exports and Industrial Production figures, showed stabilizing and improving signs but the unprecedented lock down of Wuhan of Wuhan overshadowed the rest of the month. City on 23 Jan 2020 subsequently derailed the rally. Large-cap dominant indices like Shanghai Composite Index and CSI300 erased their gain in January and sank about 2% respectively just before the one-week Lunar New Year market closure. Hang Seng H-share and Red-chip Index basically mirrored the pattern of their mainland peers in January, except for registering about 8-9% decline by the month-end, as more negative market impact of the outbreak was reflected in the Hong Kong market due to its earlier trading resumption on January 29.

The Sub-Fund posted a negative return in January, mainly led by the retreat of Basic Materials related exposure during the month. During the US-Iran military conflicts in early January, the Sub-Fund realized some profits from the Oil and Gold related exposure when the crude and gold prices surged. Given the concern of virus proliferation may discount China and even global economic growth projection, the Sub-Fund would switch to a short-term neutral stance on Basic Materials and Oil related sectors, with the view that probable and additional government countercyclical stimulus and OPEC production curb would provide a floor of major commodities and crude prices. Meanwhile, the Sub-Fund still holds a positive view of natural gas related names due to the sector's relatively high earning visibility. The Sub-Fund's preference on China's Clean Energy and Water related sectors remains, given their respective earnings momentum and central government's supportive stance.

#### Fund Manager & Factsheet **Issuer: BOCI-Prudential** Asset Management Limited

Source: BOCI-Management Limited

reflects the opinion, of the fund managers as of the date of document. Investors on such information to make any investment decision

sub-fund's base currency on NAV-to-NAV basis with gross distribution -reinvested.

Investors should note that Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited is not the Manager of the Sub-Fund and will only act as the Sponsor and Distributor whilst Management Limited is the Manager.

This document is Management Limited and has not been reviewed by the SFC.

# **NCB** China Resources Opportunities Fund\*

# SECTOR ALLOCATION

**TOP 10 HOLDINGS (Equity)** 

CNOOC LTD

2

3

4

6

7

9

**GUANGDONG INVESTMENT LTD** 

ANHUI CONCH CEMENT CO LTD-H

CHINA RESOURCES GAS GROUP LT

ENN ENERGY HOLDINGS LTD

ZHAOJIN MINING INDUSTRY-H

CHINA RESOURCES CEMENT

CHINA OILFIELD SERVICES-H

10 JIANGXI COPPER CO LTD-H

PETROCHINA CO LTD-H



### FUND DATA (Class A)

Investment Manager	BOCI-Prudential Asset Management Limited				
Fund Size (Million)	HKD190.52				
Inception Date	31 October 2007				
Base Currency	HKD				
Management Fee (p.a.)	1.75%				
Initial Charge	5%				
Switching Fee	1% <sup>▲</sup> or Nil <sup>▲▲</sup>				
Distribution	Aim to make distributions annually^ (Distribution rate is not guaranteed; distributions may be paid out of capital. Please note points 7 & 8 of Important Notes)				
Latest Distribution History^	Record Date: 30 September 2019 Distribution Per Unit: HKD0.1562				
NAV per unit	HKD4.9536				
12 Months NAV <sup>††</sup>	Highest: HKD5.7691 Lowest: HKD4.9536				
Risk Level*	High				
Bloomberg Ticker	NCBCNRO HK EQUITY				
ISIN Code	HK0000041209				

### CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE IN HKD [Gross distribution reinvested]

	3 Months (%)	Year to date (%)	1 Year (%)	3 Years (%)	5 Years (%)	Since Inception (%)		
NCB China Resources Opportunities Fund — Class A	-3.93	-8.55	-9.21	0.27	-7.35	-47.31		
CALENDAR YEAR PERFORMANCE IN HKD								
		2015 (%)	2016 (%)	2017 (%)	2018 (%	) 2019 (%)		
NCB China Resources Opportunities Fun	d — Class A	-21.39	4.17	23.13	-6.82	6.23		

5.9%

5.4%

4.3%

43%

4.2%

3.8%

3.7%

3.7%

33%

3.2%

The value of the investment products managed by BOCI-Prudential Asset Management Limited represents 0.0% of the Sub-Fund's fund size.

- The Sub-Fund is approved as "Eligible Collective Investment Scheme" under "Capital Investment Entrant Scheme" ("CIES") of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR"). The HKSAR Government has announced that the CIES has been suspended with effect from 15 January 2015 until further notice. The Immigration Department of HKSAR ("Immigration Department") will continue to process applications received on or before 14 January 2015, whether already approved (including approval-in-principle and formal approval) or still being processed. For further details and the related Frequently Asked Questions, please visit the website of the Immigration Department at http://www.immd.gov.hk/eng/services/visas/capital\_investment\_entrant\_scheme.html.
- With effect from 17 December 2018, sector classification methodology for the Sub-Fund has been updated slightly. Accordingly, the sector allocation has been restructured and the sector named "Telecom" has been replaced by "Communication Services".
- For switching into Units of a Sub-Fund which is not a Money Market Sub-Fund.
- ▲ For switching into Units of a Money Market Sub-Fund.
- A Before 1 November 2017, the Manager did not intend to make distributions for the Sub-Fund. With effect from 1 November 2017, the distribution policy of the Sub-Fund has been revised so that (i) the Manager may declare distributions for the Sub-Fund on an annual basis (subject to the Manager's discretion); and (ii) distributions will normally be paid out of net income and in the event that the net income is insufficient to pay the distributions, the Manager may determine in its absolute discretion that such distributions be paid out of the capital of the Sub-Fund, or the Manager may, in its discretion, pay distributions out of their gross income while charging/paying all or part of the Sub-Fund's fees and expenses to/out of the capital of the Sub-Fund, resulting in an increase in distributions, the dates and the payment of distributions by the Sub-Fund and therefore, the Sub-Fund may effectively pay distributions out of capital. The Manager has discretion as to whether or not to make any distributions for the Sub-Fund, the frequency of distributions will be paid out of capital of the Sub-Fund. Please refer to the "Notice to Unitholders" dated 29 September 2017 for details. Please also refer to the Manager's website for the composition of the latest distribution (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital). Information contained in the website of the Manager has not been reviewed by the SFC.
- <sup>++</sup> 12 Months Highest / Lowest NAV per Unit was calculated by reference to the NAV per Unit on each month's last dealing day.
- Risk levels are categorized into low, low to medium, medium, medium to high and high. The risk levels are determined by BOCI-Prudential Asset Management Limited based on the investment mix of each Sub-Fund and/or its underlying investments, and represent only the views of BOCI-Prudential Asset Management Limited in respect of the relevant Sub-Fund. Such risk levels are for reference only and should not be regarded as investment advice. You should not rely on the risk levels only when making any investment decision. The risk level is determined based on data as at 31 December 2019 and will be reviewed and (if appropriate) updated at least annually without prior notice, taking into account the prevailing market circumstances. If you are in doubt about the information of risk level, you should seek independent financial and professional advice.
- \* "Net Liquidity" was formerly named as "Cash & Deposit".



# 2020 **Feb Issue** (Data as of 31 Jan 2020)